

Regional variation in the gut microbiome and its implications for colorectal cancer screening

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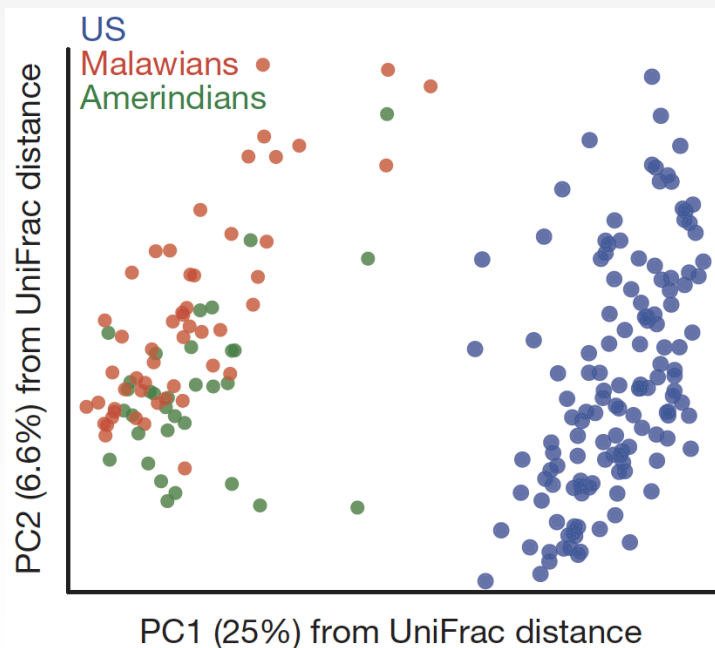
Key facts about the gut microbiome

- 10^{14} microbes residing in the human gut, with >2,000 unique species.
- Higher inter-individual variation than intra-individual variation.
- Function more conserved than taxonomy – *functional redundancy*.
- Microbiome structure established by around age 3 years.
- Environment dominates over host genetics in shaping the microbiome.
- Diet can rapidly change the gut microbiome, but the core patterns and functions are shaped by long-term diet/lifestyle – *regional variation*.



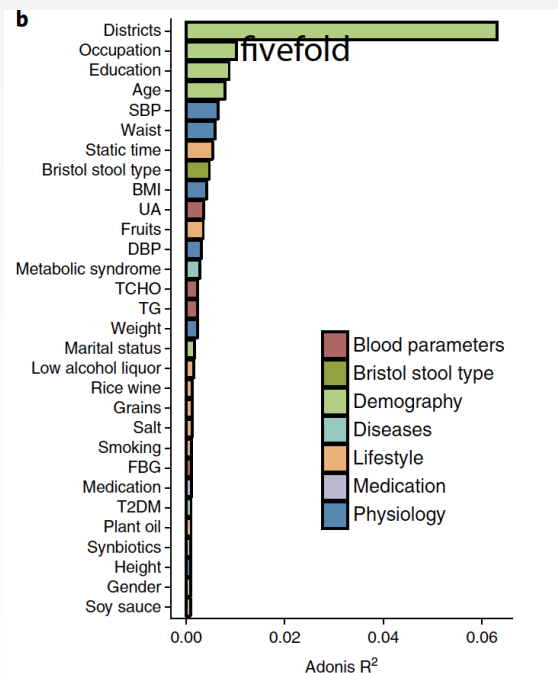
Regional variation of the gut microbiome

31 Malawians, 35 Amerindians, 136 US residents



Yatsunen T. Nature. 2012

7,009 subjects from 14 districts in 1 province in China



He Y. Nat Med. 2018

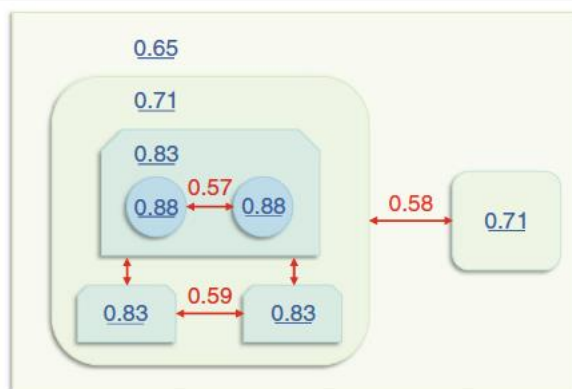


Regional variation limits applications of healthy gut microbiome reference ranges and disease models

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variations. Microbiota-based metabolic disease models developed in one location failed when used elsewhere, suggesting that such models cannot be extrapolated. Interpolated models performed much better, especially in diseases with obvious microbiota-related characteristics. Interpolation efficiency decreased as geographic scale increased, indicating a need to build localized baseline and disease models to predict metabolic risks.

Prediction accuracy for metabolic syndrome



Interpolation AUC

Extrapolation AUC

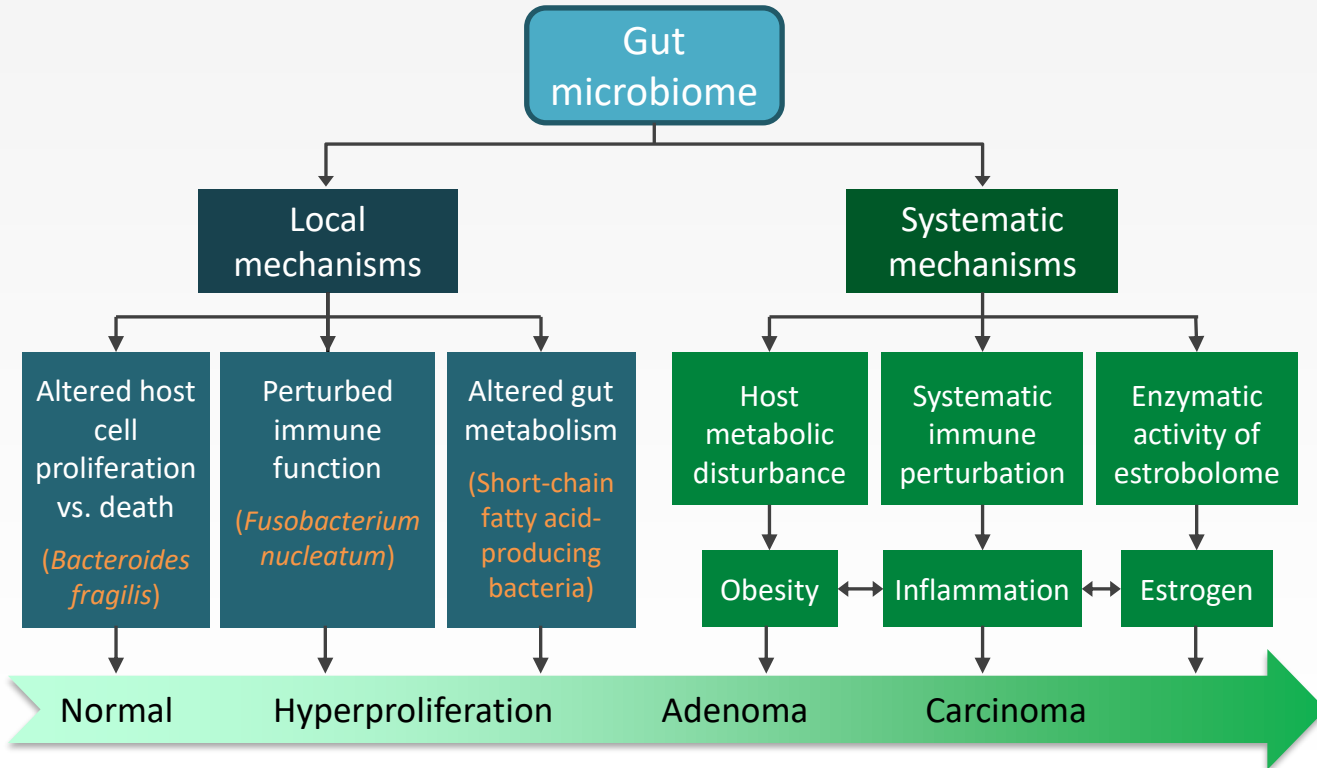
Province n=1

District n=14

Neighborhood n=3 per district

Community n=1 per neighborhood

Mechanisms and clinical implications for the link b/t gut microbiota and CRC



- Prediction
 - Screening tool
- Chemoprevention
 - Microbiota modification
 - Combinational approach

Song M. Gastroenterology. 2020
Tilg H, Cancer Cell. 2018



Microbiome as a screening tool for CRC

Study	microbes	Country	AUC for CRC	AUC for adenoma
Zeller, 2014	4 species (2 <i>Fusobacterium</i> species, <i>Porphyromonas asaccharolytica</i> , <i>Peptostreptococcus stomatis</i>)	France	0.84	
Zackular, 2014*	5 OTUs (<i>Clostridiales</i> , <i>Clostridium</i> , <i>Lachnospiraceae</i> , <i>Bacteroides</i>)	USA	0.80 (0.69-0.91)*	0.84 (0.74-0.94)*
Feng, 2015	10 metagenomic groups (<i>Bacteroides massiliensis</i> , <i>Bacteroides xylanisolvens</i> , <i>Bifidobacterium animalis</i> , <i>Paraprevotella clara</i> , <i>Streptococcus mutans</i> , 5 unclassified)	Austria	0.96 (0.88-1.00)	0.60 (0.38-0.82)
Baxter, 2016	34 OTUs (most belong to <i>Clostridiales</i> order and some to <i>Bacteroides</i>)	USA	0.85	0.67
Wong, 2017	1 species (<i>F. nucleatum</i>)	China	0.89 (0.80-0.98)	0.58 (0.49-0.67)
Liang, 2017	4 species (<i>F. nucleatum</i> , <i>Bacteroides clarus</i> , <i>Roseburia intestinalis</i> , <i>Clostridium hathewayi</i> , and one undefined)	China	0.76	
Thomas, 2019	16 species (e.g., <i>Peptostreptococcus stomatis</i> , <i>F. nucleatum</i> , <i>Parvimonas</i> spp., <i>Porphyromonas asaccharolytica</i> , <i>Gemella morbillorum</i> , <i>Clostridium symbiosum</i> and <i>Parvimonas micra</i>)	Multi	0.81	0.54

*No validation was performed. The AUC was calculated in the training set.



Meta-analysis of fecal metagenomes reveals global microbial signatures that are specific for colorectal cancer

Jakob Wirbel^{1,31}, Paul Theodor Pyl^{2,3,31}, Ece Kartal^{1,4}, Konrad Alessio Milanese¹, Jonas S. Fleck¹, Anita Y. Voigt^{1,5}, Albert P. Shinichi Sunagawa^{1,6}, Luis Pedro Coelho^{1,30}, Petra Schrotz-Kim¹, Nina Habermann⁹, Emma Niméus^{3,10}, Andrew M. Thomas^{11,12}, Davide Serrano¹³, Sayaka Mizutani^{14,15}, Hirotugu Shiroma¹⁴, Shinichi Yachida^{16,18}, Takuji Yamada^{14,19}, Levi Waldron^{10,20,21}, Aleksei Rashmi Sinha⁸, Cornelia M. Ulrich²⁴, Hermann Brenner^{7,25,26}, M. Peer Bork^{1,4,28,29,32*} and Georg Zeller^{1,32*}

Table 1 | Fecal metagenomic studies of CRC included in this meta-analysis

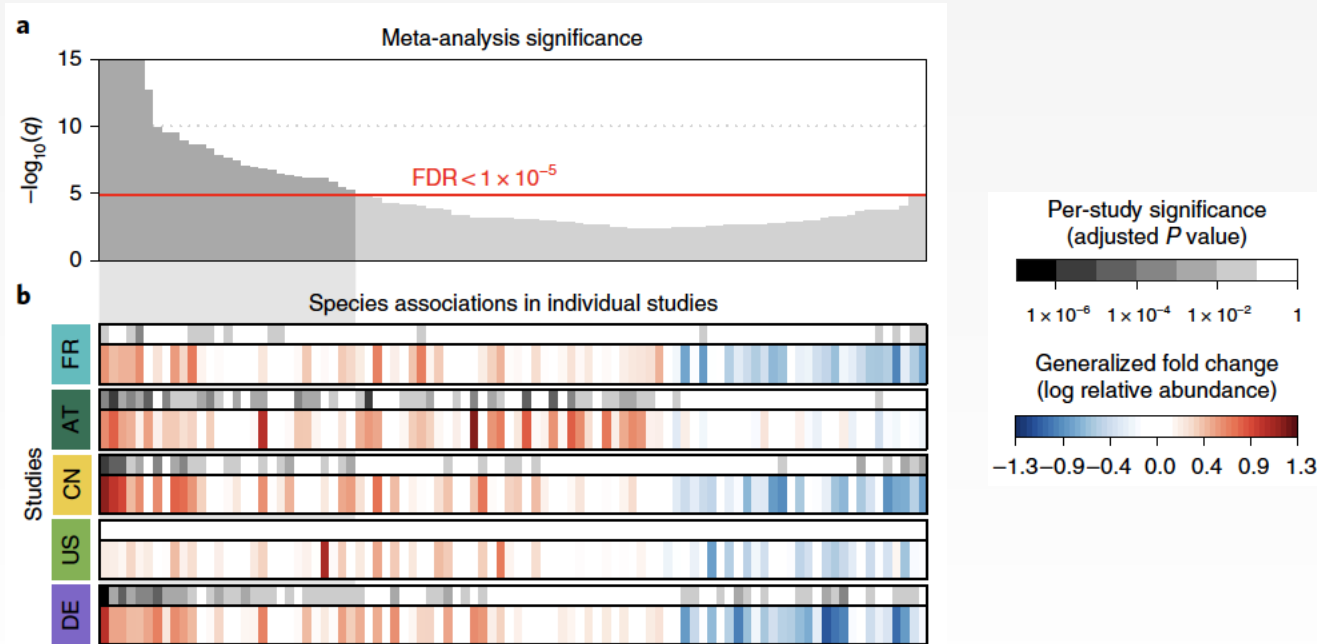
Country code	Reference	No. of cases	No. of controls
France	Zeller et al. ⁸	53	61
Austria	Feng et al. ⁹	46	63
China	Yu et al. ¹¹	74	54
United States	Vogtmann et al. ¹⁰	52	52
Germany	The current study	60	60
External validation cohorts			
Italy 1	Thomas et al. ²⁷	29	24
Italy 2	Thomas et al. ²⁷	32	28
Japan	Courtesy of T. Yamada et al.	40	40

Metagenomic analysis of colorectal cancer datasets identifies cross-cohort microbial diagnostic signatures and a link with choline degradation

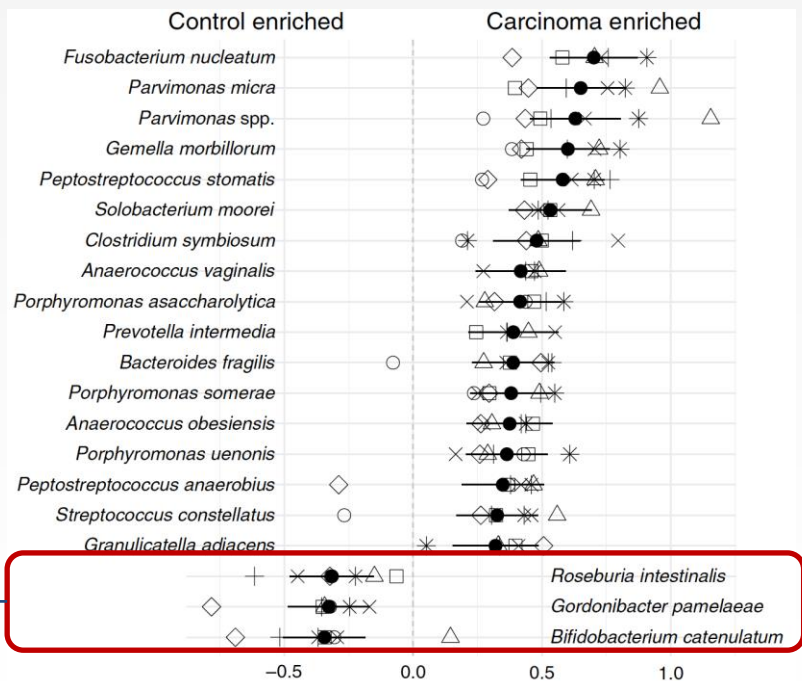
Paolo Manghi^{1,32}, Francesco Asnicar¹, Edoardo Pasolli¹, Roberto L. F. de Lencastre¹, Francesco Beghini¹, Serena Manara¹, Nicolai Karcher¹, Davide Serrano⁴, Sonia Tarallo⁵, Antonio Francavilla¹⁵, Roberto L. F. de Lencastre⁷, Giulio Ferrero¹⁸, Sayaka Mizutani^{9,10}, Hirotugu Shiroma⁹, Takuji Yamada^{11,13}, Shinichi Yachida^{11,13}, Takuji Yamada^{9,14}, Jakob Wirbel¹⁵, Cornelia M. Ulrich¹⁷, Hermann Brenner^{16,18,19}, Manimozhiyan Arumugam^{10,20,21}, M. Peer Bork¹⁵, Francesca Cordero⁸, Emmanuel Dias-Neto^{3,25}, Takuji Yamada¹⁵, Barbara Pardini^{5,27}, Maria Rescigno²⁸, Levi Waldron^{29,30,33}, Nicola Segata^{1,33*}



The core set of gut microbes associated with CRC is relatively consistent across studies



Individual microbes consistently associated with CRC



Short-chain fatty acid-producing bacteria

Validation set

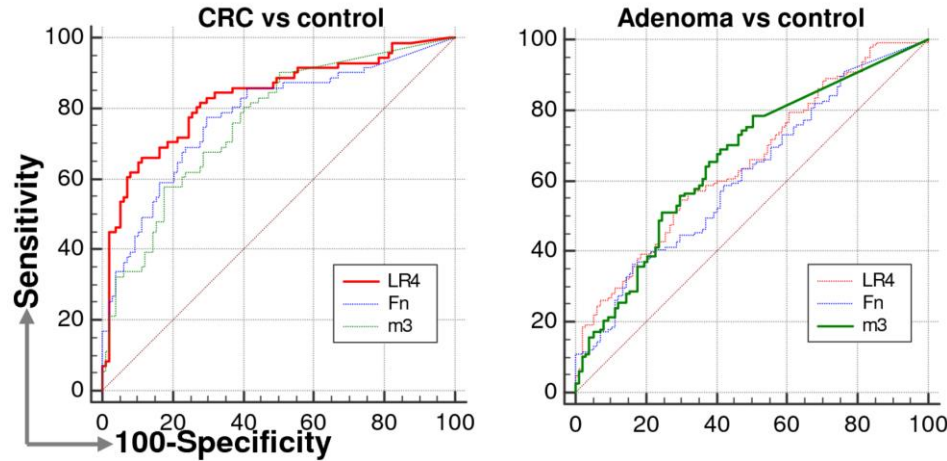
FengQ_2015
Cohort2
ZellerG_2014
YuJ_2015
Cohort1
VogtmannE_2016
HamiganGD_2017
Average

- Using as few as 16 species achieved cross-validation AUC >0.8 for most of the datasets, with little increase in AUC (~2%) from using other species.
- No dataset could accurately discriminate adenomas from controls (average AUC=0.54).

	FengQ_2015	Cohort2	ZellerG_2014	YuJ_2015	Cohort1	VogtmannE_2016	HamiganGD_2017	Average
LODO species	0.86	0.81	0.84	0.88	0.83	0.80	0.62	0.81
LODO markers	0.83	0.80	0.82	0.91	0.77	0.77	0.66	0.80



Microbiome improves the accuracy of FIT-based test for adenoma detection



Fn: *Fusobacterium nucleatum*

m3: *Lachnoclostridium sp.*

LR4: Fn+m3+*Bacteroides clarus*

Remains to be validated in other populations

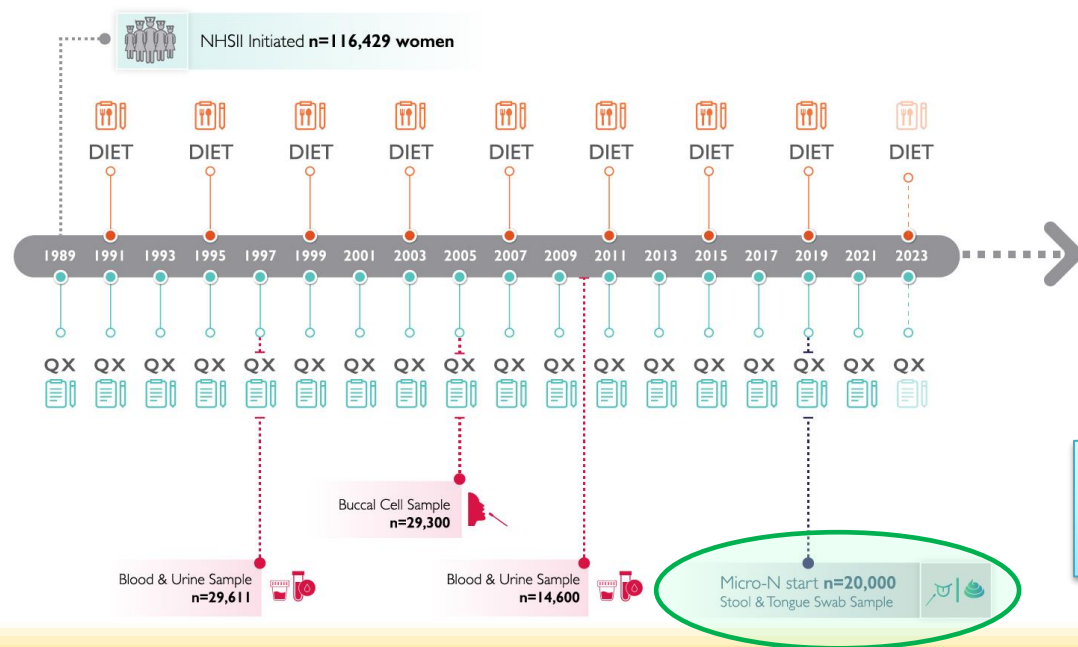
Liang JQ. Gut 2019.

Variables	CRC			Adenoma		
	<i>Fn</i>	<i>m3</i>	<i>LR4</i>	<i>Fn</i>	<i>m3</i>	<i>LR4</i>
AUROC	0.776	0.759	0.830	0.616	0.662	0.652



A prospective microbiome study

- Microbiome among Nurses Study (Micro-N): n=20,000
 - To interrogate causes vs. consequences
 - To identify early changes in microbiome during carcinogenesis



nature
protocols

PERSPECTIVE

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41596-021-00519-z>

Check for updates

Overview of the Microbiome Among Nurses study (Micro-N) as an example of prospective characterization of the microbiome within cohort studies

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U01CA261961: “The Gut Microbiome, Lifestyle, and Colorectal Neoplasia”

Everett C, et al. Nat Protoc, 2021.



Summary

- There is substantial regional variation in the gut microbiome.
- A consistent gut microbial signature has been identified across regions to differentiate CRC from non-CRC.
- Microbial features predict poorly for adenomas but may help improve the accuracy of FIT test.
- Prospective studies are needed to assess the potential of the gut microbiome for early detection of colorectal neoplasia.



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